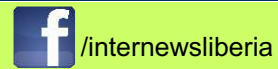


Information Saves Lives

Media Newsletter
Issue #13 - May 22-29



Welcome to the Internews Newsletter for media in Liberia. This newsletter is created with the intent to support the work of local media in reporting about Ebola and Ebola-related issues in Liberia. Internews welcomes feedback, comments and suggestions from all media receiving this newsletter and invites them to forward, share and re-post this newsletter as widely as possible.



Encouraging safe burials within Liberian communities

Responders fighting the Ebola outbreak in Liberia say more effort must be put in place to transfer skills and knowledge of safe burials especially in communities where mortuaries do not exist or are distant from community members. The country was declared Ebola-free on May 9, 2015, but humanitarian workers are warning that community-level vigilance must continue unless cases could resurface from Guinea and Sierra Leone that are not Ebola-free.

Safe burials teams are still in Liberia and are still working in the country even if Liberia is Ebola free for a very specific reason: if someone is infected with Ebola and dies, his/her body fluids can still infect other people. Right now it is important to remain vigilant and make sure that we are still monitoring all the cases of death in the country to make sure that people that died of EVD are buried in the a dignified and proper way. There is risk of transmission when an EVD patient dies because the bodies and body fluids of deceased EVD patients remain contagious for several days after death. Family and community members are also at risk if burial practices involve touching and washing the body.

One organization helping to stem community members in safe burial procedures is Global Communities. According to Hilary Dorleh, Emergency Response Manager for Global communities, training for General Community Health Volunteers (GCHVs) will roll out soon in all 15 Liberian counties when the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (MOHSW) gives its approval. Dorleh notes that there exists a draft Safe Burial Guidelines by MOHSW that is still under review.

“The burial teams are rarely invited by community members during funeral,” he said. He added that members of the General Community Health Volunteers are drawn from County Health Teams and have the relevant capacities to build solid community-level engagements.

During the outbreak, trained volunteers worked on the frontline of safe and dignified burials, demonstrating professionalism, courage and compassion as they carried out their work in one of the most challenging areas of the response.

In May 2015, After the Red Cross Safe and Dignified Burial teams in Liberia have now been stood down after ten months of providing the safe and dignified collection, cremation and burial of thousands of Ebola victims. Since it became the lead agency in safe and dignified burial activities in Montserrado County in July 2014, the Liberian National Red Cross Society, supported by the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), has safely buried or cremated 3,824 bodies, providing a crucial public health service to help stop the spread of the Ebola virus.

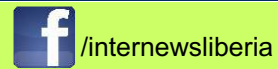
Handwashing: one important tool

A lack of basic services such as water, sanitation and hand-washing stations within communities exposed Liberia’s weakness to the disease and should be considered seriously as the best way of keeping Liberia Ebola-free, according Population Service International (PSI).

PSI notes that unlike other highly publicized disease outbreaks in recent history such as severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) and influenza strains, the Ebola virus is not airborne. It spreads through the direct contact with an infected individual’s blood or other bodily fluid. Although not passing through the air, the virus can survive outside an individual’s body on surfaces – for a matter of days, even weeks – which makes it more difficult to prevent than simply avoiding contact with others. That is why handwashing with soap is of paramount importance, PSI cautions.

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“Our teams on the ground in Sierra Leone, Liberia and Guinea are stressing the importance of handwashing as part of a raft of measures that are needed to halt the spread of Ebola. It is not a magic bullet, but it is a means of additional defence which is cheap and readily available,” another responding agency UNICEF cautioned.

But hand-washing should not only been seen as a way to prevent Ebola. Hand-washing is a very important habit that needs to be kept in the daily routine of all citizens. Thousands of people die every day around the

world from infections acquired due to germs spread via hands contact. Hands are the main pathways of germ transmission and this is why hand hygiene is the most important measure to avoid the transmission of harmful germs and prevent infections.

UNICEF and the World Health Organization global figures in 2013 showed that more than 340,000 children under five – almost 1,000 a day – died from diarrhoeal diseases due to a lack of safe water, sanitation and basic hygiene.

WASH HANDS WHEN VISIBLY SOILED! OTHERWISE, USE HANDRUB

Duration of the entire procedure: 40-60 seconds



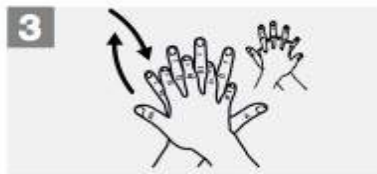
Wet hands with water;



Apply enough soap to cover all hand surfaces;



Rub hands palm to palm;



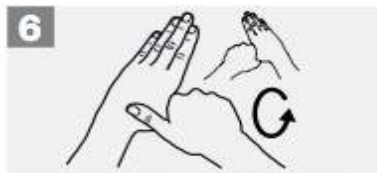
Right palm over left dorsum with interlaced fingers and vice versa;



Palm to palm with fingers interlaced;



Backs of fingers to opposing palms with fingers interlocked;



Rotational rubbing of left thumb clasped in right palm and vice versa;



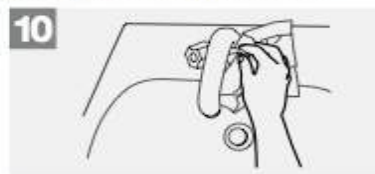
Rotational rubbing, backwards and forwards with clasped fingers of right hand in left palm and vice versa;



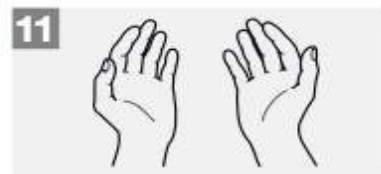
Rinse hands with water;



Dry hands thoroughly with a single use towel;



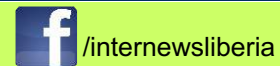
Use towel to turn off faucet;



Your hands are now safe.

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World Health Organization (WHO)

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Liberia National Red Cross Society

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Additional resources:

It's always time to wash your hands

<http://psiimpact.com/2014/10/its-always-time-to-wash-your-hands/>

Handwashing one important tool in the Ebola fight – UNICEF

http://www.unicef.org/media/media_76267.html

Red Cross concludes safe and dignified burials in Liberia

<https://www.ifrc.org/en/news-and-media/press-releases/africa/liberia/red-cross-concludes-safe-and-dignified-burials-in-liberia-/>



Safe borders, safe families and safe communities

Since May 9, 2015, when the outbreak was declared over by the World Health Organization (WHO), partner NGOs such as Global Communities, Danish Refugee Council (DRC) and a host of others including United Nations agencies, have been placing emphasis on Liberia's borders with Sierra Leone and Guinea.

Last week, the Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) sent hundreds of posters to communities that shared common borders with the affected Ebola countries. The posters, according to CDC Communications Officer Yolanda Freeman, were developed by CDC and carry key messages on how to prevent Ebola from creeping back into Liberia. IOM is also working on Borders Control and social mobilization activities to make sure that community based surveillance are in place in all border areas.

CDC is working with the Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization (BIN) and community surveillance officers in Liberia, and has developed cards with messaging which have a set of questions to help identify suspected Ebola cases. The Health Communications Capacity Collaborative (HC3) on its part has developed tool kits for *Bridges of Hope* which focuses on community messaging. At the moment, they are pre-testing their messages.

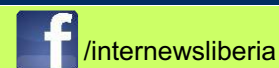
In April 2015, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) donated eight shelter tents valued at US\$38,660 to BIN, intended to increase robust surveillance at the country's border posts. Before now, the deployment of BIN officers at various crossing points along the country's borders was weak, and officers could not freely patrol both official and unofficial crossing points.

Global Communities is now working primarily in the three most affected counties in Liberia – Lofa, Nimba and Bong counties, by partnering with local leaders and work closely with communities to share Ebola prevention messaging that empowers residents to take control of their health by providing them with critical information on the history, signs and symptoms of Ebola, how the virus spreads, and devastating impact of the Ebola outbreak.

Citing an online report by Global Communities, they provided logistical and strategic support to burial teams in all 15 counties in Liberia, including Montserrado county. Burial team support includes organizing burial teams within each county and providing training to ensure safe management of corpses, equipping teams with vehicles for the transfer of corpses, providing decontamination materials and personal protective gear, as well as providing compensation.

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CDC estimates that 70 percent of Ebola infections have originated from contact with the deceased, underscoring the importance of safe burial.

However, international medical organisation Doctors Without Borders (MSF) warns that, with new cases of Ebola still being recorded in neighbouring Guinea and Sierra Leone, the outbreak is not over yet.

“For Liberia to record 42 days with zero cases of Ebola is a real milestone,” says Mariateresa Cacciapuoti, MSF’s head of mission in Liberia. “But we can’t take our foot off the gas until all three countries record 42 days with no cases.”

MSF points to the need to improve cross-border surveillance to prevent Ebola re-emerging in Liberia. “The Liberian government and the Liberian people have worked hard to help us achieve 42 days of zero Ebola cases, but that hard work could be undone in an instant,” says Ms Cacciapuoti.

Media Contacts:

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United Nations Development Program (UNDP)

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Additional resources:

MSF welcomes news that Liberia is Ebola-free while urging continued vigilance

<http://www.msf.org/article/msf-welcomes-news-liberia-ebola-free-while-urging-continued-vigilance>

Ebola crisis update - 6 May 2015

<http://www.msf.org/article/ebola-crisis-update-6-may-2015>

Global Communities Liberia Team Conducts Community Outreach to Combat Spread of Ebola

<http://www.globalcommunities.org/node/37904>

Global Communities' Ebola Response

<http://www.globalcommunities.org/ebola-response>

Global Communities, USAID Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance Increase Support for Burial Teams Across Liberia

<http://www.globalcommunities.org/node/37970>

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Citizens' Feedback

ROUTINE VACCINATION

Community members are reporting that the turnout of mothers and their babies at the clinics was impressive and massive.

Gbarpolu

Residents of Bomi County are saying that on May 14, 2015, during an interactive radio talk show called Know Your Health, the County Health Team discussed rumors related to the Ebola and routine vaccines. The radio guests also crippled rumors about health workers accused of secretly collecting portions of children's blood to bring it to Montserrado County.

Bomi

Citizens are saying that parents and County Health Workers put up an acceptable behavior during the routine vaccination campaign.

River Cess

People say, the routine vaccination ended on May 14, 2015, and mothers and care givers turned up massively to immunize their children.

Grand Kru

EBOLA TREATMENT UNIT (ETU)

Citizens are suggesting that the Community Care Center in Keita, a town in Grand Cape Mount County, should be transformed into a clinic instead of it being shut down. They add that medical facilities are distant from homes and people travel long distances to receive treatment.

Grand Cape Mount

POST-EBOLA RECOVERY

Locals are reporting that trainings were successfully organized for 300 social mobilization workers including 144 traditionally trained midwives (TTMs) and 156 Community Health Volunteers (CHVs). 270 chiefs (45 per each health district) were trained by Carter Center in collaboration with the District Health Officers in the county, according to feedback from citizens.

River Gee

Locals are asking what government plans have been put in place in order to resettle Ebola survivors and Ebola orphans.

Maryland



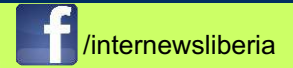
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Citizens' Feedback



BED NETS DISTRIBUTION

Locals are complaining that each family now receives two Insecticide-treated bed nets (ITNs) instead of three.

The people of Nimba County are complaining that Insecticide-treated bed nets (ITNs) are used as fishing nets instead.

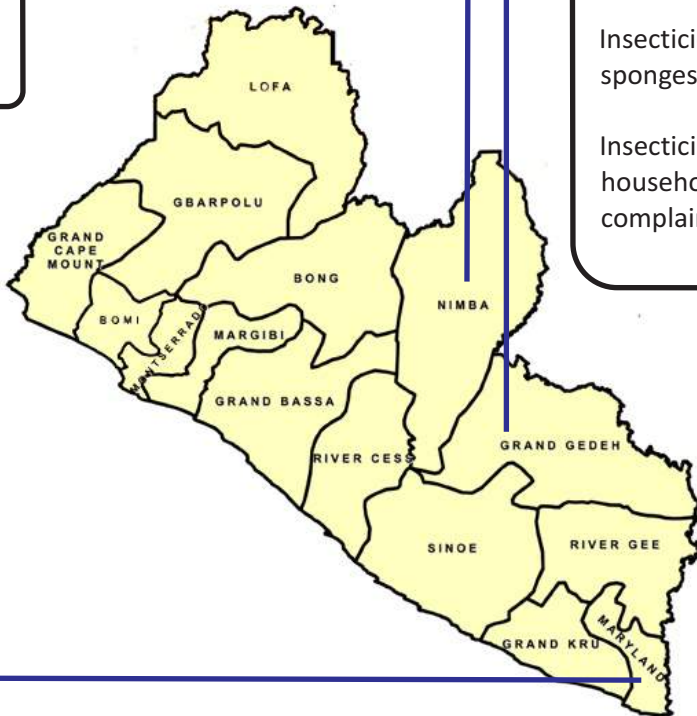
Nimba

Citizens say the County Health Team, Care International and UNICEF are running campaigns about the free distribution of Insecticide-treated bed nets (ITNs).

Insecticide-treated bed nets (ITNs) are being used as bathing sponges in most families, citizens report.

Insecticide-treated bed nets (ITNs) are being distributed to every household as initially planned and there have been no complains.

Grand Kru



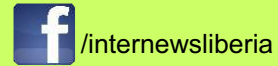
SCHOOLS

Citizens are confirming that Ebola prevention measures are strictly being respected in schools.

Maryland

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Rumors Reporting

Ebola Origin

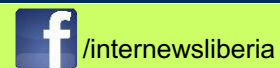
Rumors from local people	Well-sourced and accurate responses
<p>Montserrado County People are rumoring that President Ellen Johnson Sirleaf agreed to terms from whites that were clear on letting Ebola into the country to infect Liberians.</p> <p>Montserrado County Locals are rumoring that Ebola was brought into the country through a vaccine.</p> <p>Montserrado County Citizens are rumoring that it was President Ellen Johnson Sirleaf's friend, a notorious witch, who brought cast disease on the country.</p> <p>Bong County Citizens are rumoring that Ebola is a supernatural disease.</p> <p>Bong County Community dwellers in Bong County are rumoring that Ebola was brought into Liberia in a bid to extract people's blood.</p>	<p>The World Health Organization (WHO) dates the outbreak of Ebola as far back as 1976 in Nzara, Sudan, and the other in Yambuku, Democratic Republic of Congo. WHO notes that fruit bats are thought to be natural Ebola virus hosts. Ebola is introduced into the human population through close contact with the blood, secretions, organs or other bodily fluids of infected animals such as chimpanzees, gorillas, fruit bats, monkeys, forest antelope and porcupines found ill or dead or in the rainforest.</p> <p>When Ebola surfaced in March 2014 in Liberia, there were 2 deaths among the suspected cases provide in an update by the Ministry of Health (MoH) of Liberia - a 35 year-old woman who died on 21 March tested positive for Ebola virus while a male patient who died on 27 March tested negative. Foya was the only district at the time that reported confirmed or suspected cases, according to the update. Click here to read more.</p> <p><i>*For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:</i></p> <p>World Health Organization (WHO) Carmen L. Pessoa-Silva, Infectious Prevention & Control Phone: 0886092544 passoasilvacl@who.int</p> <p>Incident Management System/ Ebola operation Center Tolbert G. Nyenswah, Ebola Incident Manager Phone: 0886558612 tgnyenswah@jhsph.edu</p>

Bushmeat

<p>Montserrado County Community members are rumoring that whites are jealous about them eating bushmeat and want them to stop consuming monkeys and chimpanzees.</p>	<p>According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), human infections in Africa have been associated with hunting, butchering, and processing meat from infected animals. The World Health Organisation (WHO) recognizes that in the case of Liberia, community engagement was key to stemming transmission of the virus and community vigilance will be essential to preventing its reemergence. WHO joins the Liberian Government in recognizing that risk and urging Liberians not to let their guard down until the entire sub-region is free from Ebola.</p>
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While WHO is confident that Liberia has interrupted transmission, outbreaks persist in neighbouring Guinea and Sierra Leone, creating a high risk that infected people may cross into Liberia over the region's exceptionally porous borders. The organization has clearly elaborated five keys to safer food preparation.

The government is fully aware of the need to remain on high alert and has the experience, capacity, and support from international partners to do so. WHO adds that the organisation will maintain an enhanced staff presence in Liberia until the end of the year as the response transitions from outbreak control, to vigilance for imported cases, to the recovery of essential health services that includes an adherence to safe water and food practices – cook animal products thoroughly and avoid eating raw meat ('bushmeat') from infected animals.

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

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Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

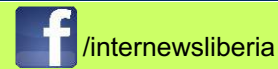
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International Medical Corps (IMC)

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Routine Vaccine

Bomi County.

Citizens are accusing health workers of secretly collecting portions of children's blood and sending them to Montserrado County.

Montserrado

Citizens are rumoring that routine vaccine contains Ebola.

Speaking about the need to increase vaccination coverage while rebuilding confidence in medical services, Philippe Le Vaillant, MSF's representative in Liberia **says** there was reinforced infection-prevention protocols that were implemented during this May routine vaccination campaign, including systematic fever screening and a medical questionnaire, disinfecting gloves between every injection, and shorter waiting lines, amongst others. Our objective, he adds, was also to show that it is possible to safely vaccinate in an Ebola context.

The MSF boss notes that people are also still afraid to seek care in medical facilities and that one of their priorities is to overcome the loss of confidence in the health system, of both healthcare workers and patients, through training and community awareness.

Click [here](#) to read more about MSF's routine vaccination campaign in Liberia.

You can also click [here](#) to read more about UNICEF's statistics on the May routine vaccination campaign.

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

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Liberia Immunization Platform (LIP)

Massa Weeks, Advocacy & Communication Officer

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eHealth Africa

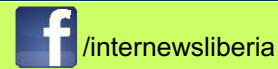
Michael Moreland Program Manager, Health Delivery System Phone:

0888133458

michael.moreland@ehealthnigeria.org

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Ebola Treatment Unit (ETU)

Grand Cape Mount County

It is being rumored that the Community Care Center in Grand Cape Mount County will soon shut down.

The International Organisation for Migration (IOM) says the Ebola Treatment Units (ETUs) in Buchanan and Tubmanburg, Liberia, have closed their doors and are implementing decommissioning and decontamination protocols while the Sinje ETU will remain open.

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

International Organization for Migration (IOM)

Aden Guliye, Chief Medical officer
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guliye@iom.int

Bong County

In Salala, Bong County community members are rumoring that the death of any sick person in an Ebola Treatment Unit (ETU) must be blamed on the community member who initially reported that sick person to contact tracers or health workers. The members add that people fear reporting sick persons or those who came in contact with Ebola patients.

Since the outbreak of Ebola in Liberia, the Liberian government engaged all its ministries and partners to protect Liberians, and established legal channels for sources of information and contact tracers. The government protects individuals and the collective efforts of communities in identifying community members who possibly came into contacts with Ebola patients. The ministry of information has noted in several meetings that all forms of communications both at community and national level are important for the fight against Ebola.

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

MICAT

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International Organization for Migration (IOM)

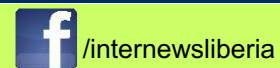
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Ministry of Justice

Vivienne Cheruv, Legal Affairs Officer
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Bed Nets Distribution

Gbarpolu County

Locals are rumoring that on *The morning Chat*, a popular radio talk show in Gbarpolu County, callers said their children fell ill after sleeping under the long-lasting insecticide-treated nets (LLINs).

Long-lasting insecticide-treated nets (LLINs) are a form of personal protection that has been shown to reduce malaria illness, severe disease, and death due to malaria in endemic regions. In community-wide trials in several African settings, ITNs have been shown to reduce the death of children under five years from all causes by about 20%.

Several companies have developed long-lasting insecticide-treated nets (LLINs) that maintain effective levels of insecticide for at least 3 years, even after repeated washing. The WHO Pesticide Evaluation Scheme (WHOPES) has given either full or interim approval to 11 of these LLINs for use in the prevention of malaria. CDC is currently testing some of these and other LLINs to assess their performance and durability in the field.

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

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More Than Me

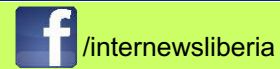
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MOH/SW

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Ebola Prevention Measures

Lofa County

Community members in Lofa County are saying government officials and humanitarian workers deny washing their hands before entering their county. They add that the security officials are even more reluctant to coerce them, citing discrimination against commercial bikers who are forced to do so.

UNDP Liberia says in order to stop new spread of Ebola into Liberia, borders must be properly patrolled and border officials need the right protection against the disease. The official border crossings from Sierra Leone into Grand Cape Mount are all patrolled and agencies like IOM and Global Communities are encouraging all officials and citizens to continue respecting Ebola prevention measures. With UNDP assistance, Liberia's Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization in setting up the border posts in remote, often inaccessible areas where people are suspected to be crossing. Motorbikes, tents, communications equipment and personal protective equipment have been provided for eight border crossings, which will allow immigration as well as health workers to operate at the border.

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

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Ebola Funds

Bomi County.

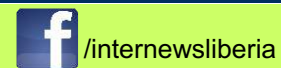
Residents are rumoring that some Ebola survivors in the county have lost their sight and are not receiving medical attention from the Liberian government and partners.

Professor John Fankhauser, the Medical Director at ELWA hospital in Monrovia, says the hospital is much more concerned with all healed Ebola patients and their side effects. He cites chronic pain, appetite loss, headaches, eye problems and post-traumatic stress, as the most frequent problems reported by some healed patients.

Liberia's Ministry of Finance confirms that \$23 million USD was provided by the World Bank and the African Development Bank to pay health workers, Ebola orphans, healed Ebola patients, and/or affected families and persons.

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Ebola Prevention Measures

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

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ELWA Hospital Survivors Clinic

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Isurvivedebola

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Nimba County

Humanitarian workers do not want Ebola to finish so they can continue making money.

Bong County

It is being rumored among residents in Bong County that Ebola is controlled by a group of government workers who take advantage of its dangerous consequences to extort money from donors.

Bong County

Residents are rumoring that Ebola was brought into Liberia because the government wants money for the country's development and officials' private use.

The World Bank notes that although Liberia recently reached zero Ebola cases, and there has been substantial progress in slowing Ebola in Guinea and Sierra Leone the epidemic is not over. The world must remain focused on getting to, and sustaining, zero cases, one of the major organizations funding the fight against Ebola says. They warn that until they reach zero cases in each affected country, the people and economies in the region and beyond will remain at risk.

The World Bank Group's response to the Ebola crisis is to help stop the spread of infections, improve public health systems throughout West Africa, and assist countries in coping with the economic impact—including by enabling trade, investment and employment in the countries.

Click [here](#) to read more.

To find out more on the Ebola Recovery Plan: Liberia - Economic Stabilization and Recovery Plan (ESRP), click [here](#).

**For more information interviews, journalists/communicators can contact:*

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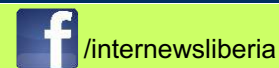
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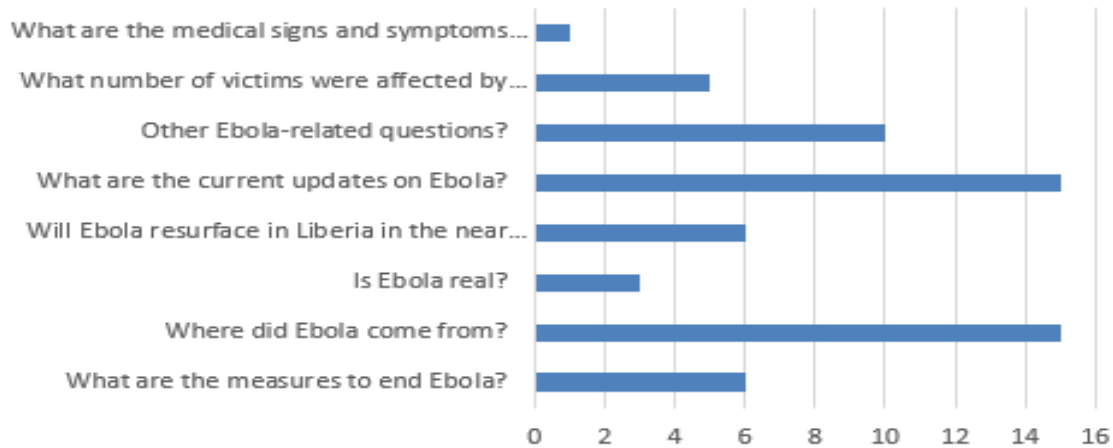
Planning Frederick Bobby Krah, Liberia Ebola Financial Tracking Phone: 0886558003
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THE MOST FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS IN THE GEOPOLL SURVEY Information Needs Analysis



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS FROM COUNTIES

Bomi County

Is Ebola a virus?
What is the origin of Ebola?

Bong County

How did Ebola enter Liberia?
Is Ebola a real disease?

Grand Bassa County

Are we 100 percent free from Ebola?
Where exactly does Ebola come from?

Grand Gedeh County

Now that we are Ebola free, what is the measure (s)
put in place to protect the lives of citizens.
Where did Ebola come from?

Lofa County

Is Ebola made by God or by humans?
Will Ebola come back again?

Margibi County

Is washing hands one of the best ways of preventing
Ebola in Liberia?
How did Liberians successfully fight Ebola in their
country?

Maryland County

Why did Ebola enter into Liberia?
What caused an Ebola outbreak in Liberia?

Montserrado County

Now that WHO has declared Liberia Ebola-free, do we
still need to avoid eating bats, monkeys and other
blacklisted wild animals?
Do we still need to wash our hands daily?
Now that Liberia is Ebola-free, can we now stop
practicing the Ebola prevention measures that have
been in place ever since the country was still battling
the disease?
Will Ebola attack Liberia again, or has it gone for
good?
Who were the scientists responsible for the Ebola
outbreak in Liberia?

Nimba County

Is it true that Liberia is Ebola-free?
Is it true that Liberia is Ebola-free? If it is, how should
we live with Ebola survivors?
Are healed Ebola patients stigmatized?

River Cess County

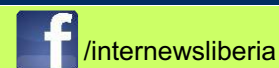
Is Ebola real?
River Gee
How did Ebola come into Liberia?

Sinoe

What are the symptoms of Ebola?
Is Ebola in Liberia real?

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It's always time to wash your hands

<http://psiimpact.com/2014/10/its-always-time-to-wash-your-hands/>

Handwashing one important tool in the Ebola fight – UNICEF

http://www.unicef.org/media/media_76267.html

Red Cross concludes safe and dignified burials in Liberia

<https://www.ifrc.org/en/news-and-media/press-releases/africa/liberia/red-cross-concludes-safe-and-dignified-burials-in-liberia/>

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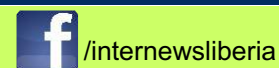
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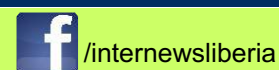
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Resources for the media

Ebola virus disease Fact sheet N°103 (Updated April 2015)

<http://www.who.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs103/en/>

Ebola virus disease in Liberia - Disease Outbreak News

http://www.who.int/csr/don/2014_03_30 Ebola_lbr/en/

Facts about Bushmeat and Ebola

<http://www.cdc.gov/vhf/ebola/pdf/bushmeat-and-ebola.pdf>

Ebola Virus Disease

<http://www.amayeza-info.co.za/wp-content/uploads/2014/08/Ebola-Virus-Disease.pdf>

The Ebola outbreak in Liberia is over

<http://apps.who.int/ebola/liberias-success-in-ending-ebola>

The Ebola outbreak in Liberia is over

<http://www.who.int/mediacentre/news/statements/2015/liberia-ends-ebola/en/>

'People are afraid to seek care': In Liberia, a lack of vaccinations due to Ebola has put children at risk

<http://www.msf.ca/en/article/people-are-afraid-to-seek-care-in-liberia-a-lack-of-vaccinations-due-to-ebola-has-put>

External Situation Report | 08 May 2015

https://www.iom.int/sites/default/files/situation_report_s/file/IOM_Ebola_Crisis_Response_Programme_External_SitRep_2015-05-08.pdf

World Bank Group Ebola Response Fact Sheet

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/topic/health/brief/world-bank-group-ebola-fact-sheet>

WHO Pesticide Evaluation Scheme: "WHOPES"

<http://www.who.int/whopes/en/>

WHO Safer Food Manual

http://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/10665/43546/1/9789241594639_eng.pdf

Measles vaccination archives

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B1egu6P0w1aOfndqRTNKWVRxaU5iV2NQNzmtbDZ1NzRndXXzsv3R6d0tkV0dWYXZQbm1vZGc>

WHO recommended long-lasting insecticidal nets

http://www.who.int/whopes/Long_lasting_insecticidal_nets_06_Feb_2014.pdf?ua=1

UNDP to help cut cross border Ebola infections in West Africa

<http://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/presscenter/articles/2014/12/30/undp-to-help-cut-cross-border-ebola-infections-in-west-africa-.html>

Media Newsletter Issue #12.pdf

<https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B1D2eBmYrnOxTE8yMVByQXJvVjg&authuser=0>

Summary on the Ebola Recovery Plan: Liberia – Economic Stabilization and Recovery Plan (ESRP)

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/topic/ebola/brief/summary-on-the-ebola-recovery-plan-liberia-economicstabilization-and-recovery-plan-esrp>

MSF welcomes news that Liberia is Ebola-free while urging continued vigilance

<http://www.msf.org/article/msf-welcomes-news-liberia-ebola-free-while-urging-continued-vigilance>

Ebola crisis update - 6 May 2015

<http://www.msf.org/article/ebola-crisis-update-6-may-2015>

Global Communities Liberia Team Conducts Community Outreach to Combat Spread of Ebola

<http://www.globalcommunities.org/node/37904>

Global Communities' Ebola Response

<http://www.globalcommunities.org/ebola-response>

Global Communities, USAID Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance Increase Support for Burial Teams Across Liberia

<http://www.globalcommunities.org/node/37970>